

CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXVII. No. 32

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1933.

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

Why Fuss in Warm Weather Buy Ready to Serve Foods

Spaghetti Campbells rex, with cheese and tomato sauce, per tin	Pineapple Marmalade Aylmer Brand, its good, tin
15c	70c
Corned Beef Cooked, tender beef, tin	Fresh Cherries Black, basket 70c per lb. 20c
15c	
Sausage Burns Shamrock, heat and serve, tin	Carrots NEW, per lb. 8c
22c	
Soups Celery, Asparagus, Bean, Vegetable . . 2 for 25c	Cucumbers B. C. new crop, per lb. 20c
Olives 11 oz. jar pimento stuffed	Fresh Fruits and
35c	Vegetables
Crackers \$1.00 size wooden boxes.	as the season
Saturday Only . . . 28c	arrives.

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Let us test the battery and spark plugs, tighten up connections and your car will give you better service at less expense.

We sell Batteries, Tires, Tubes, Chains, and all other Automobile Accessories.

The real joy of motoring is a knowledge that your car is in perfect running condition.

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Crossfield, Alberta.

SCREEN DOORS

Screen Windows Combination Doors
We stock these in all standard sizes and styles; and we can furnish any special size or style at the shortest notice right from our own Factory. We can quote you attractive prices on these.

Protect your Home against the insect pest! Keep out the flies! Let in the fresh air! USE SCREENS!

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Phone 15

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Hot Weather Specials

Pork Pies, Dill Pickles, Baked Ham, Veal, Ham, Jellied Headcheese, and Tongue.

Bacon Specials

Whole or Half, per lb. 14c

No. 1 Spring Lamb, Veal, Pork and Beef.

ALL FRESH KILLED.

FRESH FISH FROM THE SEA SHORE Every Thursday

Crossfield Meat Market

L. CHRISMAS, Manager

OLIVER CAFE

George and Fong

Try George's Doughnuts

The Old-Timers Favorite

25c a dozen

PHONE 54

Celebration Best Yet

The weather man did his best for the people of this district on July 1st, and the day was perfect. The annual sports day and celebration was attended by the largest crowd in many years.

The parade at noon brought out the kiddies and their pets, and a number of older boys on decorated bicycles, advertising the different business places of the town, giving the parade a striking appearance.

The parade led by Wm. Russell with his pipes, and Fred Stevens, who was dressed as a parson, proceeded to the school grounds, where a short patriotic address was given by R. M. McCool, M.L.A., and the flag was raised by D. J. Hall, President of the Crossfield Legion. The ball games and athletic events were then started and there was not a dull minute until 8 o'clock in the evening when the last ball game was over.

The baseball tournament went to Crossfield. Ronnie McCadyen hurled the locals to any easy win over Madden in the first game, while Bob Smart stopped the hard hitting Dog Pound team in the final.

Baseball

Dog Pound 6; Cremona 0

Crossfield 14; Madden 1

Final Game

Crossfield 10; Dog Pound 6.

Softball

Crossfield defeated Oneil for the championship of the district by a score of 12-10. These teams winners of their respective leagues, put up a real snappy game of ball, and the game was in doubt until the last man was retired.

Inverlea and Tany-Bryn runners-up in the Eastern and Western Leagues battled it out to decide the second best team in the district. Inverlea won this game rather handily.

Girls' Softball Tournament

East Community girls won the tournament, Crossfield second. In the first game Crossfield won from Sunshine. East Community won from Cremona. In the final game East Community won from Crossfield.

Horseshoe Tournament

The horseshoe tournament was won by "Jim" McCool and Albert Elhard, representing Floral District. C. A. Havens, and A. McIlroy, representing Sunshine District, won second money. Tennis representing Crossfield, Inverlea Oneil, Meadowsdale and Ella, failed to get in the money.

(Continued on Page 8)

RECORD CROWD AT CARSTAIRS STAMPEDE

The Carstairs Stampede held on Wednesday was an outstanding success in every way. A crowd of 2000 people were in attendance. The Stampede events brought out the best riders and ropers in Western Canada.

The baseball game between Carstairs and Irricana was won by the former by a score of 9-7.

The dance at night was attended by some 600 people.

PETE KNIGHT IS DECLARED WORLD CHAMPION RIDER

Official declaration that Pete Knight of Crossfield, is the world's champion bucking horse rider has been made by the Rodeo Association of America. The Alberta rider is credited with 12,052 more than 1,400 points ahead of his next rival, Earl Thode of Casa Grande, Arizona. Harry Knight of Bonif is third ranking rider of the world with 1,510 points.

In recognition of winning a world's championship, Pete Knight has been selected to "kick out" the first bronk at the World's Fair Rodeo, which will be held at Soldier's Field, Chicago, August 25 to September 10.

Dr. S. H. McClelland Elected

Dr. S. H. McClelland was elected to the Crossfield School Board on Tuesday afternoon, having a majority of 24 over D. J. Hall. The result of the poll was as follows:

Hall 19
McClelland 43

The election was brought about owing to the resignation of Mrs. J. G. Harrison, therefore Dr. McClelland will fill out the balance of her term which has six months to go.

Mr. Baker, chairman of the meeting got off on the wrong foot, and instructed those voting to mark their ballots with an X. This is contrary to the Act, which states that the figure 1 is to be used. However this mistake was rectified after some thirty had voted. The chairman also announced that the poll would remain open until 5 p. m. In the meantime he had found out that the Act required the poll to remain open for two hours, and when that time was up the poll was closed promptly at 4.45.

The result of closing the poll at 4.45 left several outside the door who seemed eager to vote for some one.

The marking of the ballot with an X or the figure 1, did not make the slightest difference as both were counted. Closing the poll at 4.45 stopped a counted dozen from voting. Neither of which would make any difference to the actual result.

The Board seem to be jinxed in making a number of trifling mistakes, which small as they may seem, are most annoying.

Re The School Question

To The Editor:

I should like to call attention to the matter of Inspector's reports.

In these the summary of his estimate of the teacher is given as rating—(1) Excellent; (2) Very Good; (3) Good; (4) Fair; (5) Poor.

In the past two years we have received three reports on Room (2). In one the rating is given as "Very Good." In the other two ratings is "Good." One 75 per cent rating, and two 50 per cent ratings.

In Room (1) we have received two reports in the past two years. Both ratings "Good"—50 per cent.

However as to the Inspector's report, I think it is a mistake to put much weight upon them, as the Inspector only passes a few hours during the year in the room and undoubtedly sees it at its best.

Progress on the part of the pupils and satisfied parents are any teacher's best recommendations.

Looker On.

Bush League Baseball

Sunday's Results

Dog Pound 15; Water Valley 14.

Bottrel 6; Cremona 4

Atkins 16; Madden 8

League Standing

Won Lost Per.

Dog Pound 7 1 875

Cremona 6 2 750

Bottrel 5 3 625

Madden 3 5 375

Water Valley 2 6 250

Atkins 1 7 125

The Dog Pound baseball team played at Airdrie on Wednesday evening and came from behind to take a 10-9 decision from the Airdrie team.

MATRIMONIAL

BAXTER - FRASER

Announcement is made of the marriage of Ina Dora, daughter of Mrs. W. D. Fraser of Crossfield, and the late Mr. Fraser, to Mr. James Baxter, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. Baxter of Penikese, Alta. which took place in Edmonton on Monday, July 3rd.

After a honeymoon spent at the Calgary Stampede, and visiting friends and relatives at Crossfield, the young couple will reside on their farm at Barrhead, Alta.

Specials

Saturday and Monday July 8th and 10th.

Sodas, wooden box per box 35c

Oranges, 2 doz for - - 55c

Lemons, per doz - - 45c

Tea, Gateway 3 lb tin for \$1.00

Prunes, per lb. - - 10c

Salmon, 2 tins for - - 29c

Crossfield District Co-Operative
Association U. F. A. Limited.

Because Your Motor is pumping oil

Does not necessarily mean that you need a rebore and new piston job.

Come in and let us explain how our inexpensive job, with cord rings will correct your trouble and last as long.

The Service Garage

W. J. Wood

Phone 11

Also operating the Highway Service Station

THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield

Phone 54

Alberta.

23 B Mower \$90.50

Highest speed, easiest running mower on the market. Cuts any grass any time of day, any weather.

I.H.C. Tooth Cultivator - - \$55.00

3 furrow horse plow in A1 shape 80.00

Metal Wheel Truck, doubletrees and yoke \$42.00

Grain Truck, truck bodies - - 28.00

S. H. Wagon Gear, Cheap. Brush Cutter, a Snap

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INSURED LOADS

Heavy Hauling and Trailer Hauling.

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Quality That Is Unsurpassed

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"Fresh from the Gardens"

Canada And Its Foreign Born

Because of the many uninformed and therefore inaccurate statements frequently heard to the effect that the population of the three prairie provinces of Canada are largely of foreign birth, a recent census bulletin issued from Ottawa, and based on the last census (1931), is of interest and value.

It is revealed that out of a total population of 2,553,529 in the three provinces, 1,808,574 are of British birth, and 544,995 of foreign birth, and of those born under the British flag no less than 1,492,657 were born in Canada.

But, it is frequently argued, these figures do not give a true picture of the racial division of our Western population inasmuch as many of those born in Canada were born of parents who themselves were foreign born and their children, although born in Canada, are, to all intents and purposes, the same as if born in foreign lands. While in many cases, probably most cases, this assumption is not a sound one, the census bulletin recently issued is of particular value in that it classifies the parentage of the entire population.

It is shown that the population of the three Western provinces having both parents born in Canada numbers 550,456; having both parents British born outside of Canada 517,403; having one parent Canadian born and the other British born 145,176. That is, 1,213,035 or more than one-half of the total population are at least second generation Canadian or British born. To these may be added another 191,509 where one parent is either Canadian born or British born, while the other is foreign born.

Contrasted with this is the population born of parents both of whom were foreign born. Their number for the three provinces is 945,725. Subtracting, therefore, the total foreign born of 544,955 from this figure, we find that the number born under the British flag, and mainly in Canada, of foreign born parents is only 400,770. These are first generation Canadians. The figures are not only interesting but reassuring to those who are anxious that Canadian and British blood, customs and ideals shall predominate in this land. Another reassuring and gratifying fact is indicated by the figures that 191,509 of the population in these three provinces are the offspring of marriages contracted between Canadian born or British born men and women on the one hand with foreign born on the other hand. This inter-marriage between the races is bringing about the development of a distinctly Western type of Canadian, and one that gives promise of being a very fine type, physically strong, mentally alert, uniting in themselves the Anglo-Saxon love of liberty, respect for law and authority, capable in government, with the love of music, poetry, art, and handicrafts which characterizes the peoples of continental Europe.

Coinciding with the publication of this recent census bulletin, Hon. C. H. Cahoon, Secretary of State at Ottawa, issued a warning to judges within whose jurisdiction falls the duty of naturalization of aliens to exercise care in the performance of such duties. He drew attention to the danger of certain malcontents applying for naturalization solely in order to protect themselves from the danger of deportation, or, in other words, seeking Canadian citizenship not out of love for Canada, or to advance Canadian interests, but in order to secure themselves greater freedom in undermining Canadian laws and institutions.

And a Saskatchewan judge, commenting on the same subject, is reported in the daily press as urging the Federal Government to see to it that applicants for naturalization are supplied with literature which will enable them to learn something about Canada. Some assistance, he said, should be given to those who wish to become Canadian citizens, and the promise of being a very fine type, physically strong, mentally alert, uniting in themselves the Anglo-Saxon love of liberty, respect for law and authority, capable in government, with the love of music, poetry, art, and handicrafts which characterizes the peoples of continental Europe.

Five years residence in Canada will not in itself make a Canadian citizen. Ability to read and to write does not in itself constitute intelligent citizenship. The mere possession of naturalization papers, while it does make a man or woman a citizen in the eyes of the law, does not necessarily make such person a citizen of Canada in the true meaning of the word "citizen." It should be a matter of national policy to inculcate right ideas and high ideals in the minds of all newly created citizens. To that end it would seem that something more is required than so many years residence and the taking of the oath of allegiance on the one hand, and the handing over of a piece of official paper by the Government on the other hand. There should be some formal ceremony at which the vital significance of becoming a citizen of Canada would be emphasized.

We believe these new citizens would themselves welcome some such procedure. The vast majority of them have acquired a real love for Canada. They adopted it as home, and desire to make it that not only for themselves but for their descendants. They are anxious to serve Canada, to make it better and grander. They would like advice, inspiration and guidance. The State should provide it.

Invited To Conference

Kingston, Jamaica.—The Canadian government has been invited to send delegates to a trade conference this summer of representatives of the various British West Indian colonies. Among the questions to be dealt with will be the growing and marketing board of the vegetable and fruit crops of the colonies.

He (at 11 p.m.)—"Did you know I could imitate any bird you can name?"
She—"No, I didn't. Can you imitate a homing pigeon?"

National industries in Bolivia are speeding up production.

Any Looseness of the Bowels Is Always Dangerous



When the bowels become loose and diarrhoea, dysentery, summer complaint and other bowel troubles set in, immediate attention should be given and the discharge checked before they become serious.

To check these unnatural discharges there is a remedy in Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, a remedy that has been on the market for the past 30 years. It is rapid, reliable and effective in its action. A few doses is generally all that is required to give relief.

Get it at your drug or general store; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Japan's Pearl Crop

Planting Of 40,000 Acres Of Waters Largest In Years

The pearl plantings in Japan this year, in contrast to most crops, will be the largest in years. More than 40,000 acres of quiet waters have been sown with more than 3,000,000 pearl oysters, and thousands of people are employed. The pearl crop being planted now will not be harvested for seven years.

Millions of seed pearls or tiny bits of mother of pearl, are skillfully inserted into living oysters for the pearl crop. The oysters slowly proceed to cover these irritants with a secretion which transforms them into pearls. The oysters are placed in steel cages and suspended a few feet above the floor of the sea from great rafts. Twice a year they are brought to the surface, cleaned and treated, to prevent disease. Some 50 per cent. of the oysters bear fruit, but only about five per cent. are marketable.

The annual crop is valued at several million dollars.

STAIRS MADE HER GASP FOR BREATH

Penalty Of Excess Fat

Although she has lost but 7 lbs. of her overweight, this woman finds that 7 lbs. has made a remarkable difference to her. There can certainly be no denying a real reason for the element that brings such increased energy and vigor.

Her letter reads:—"I am 53 years old and my height is 5'4". Last year I weighed 154 lbs. For six months I have been taking a half-tablet daily of Kruschen Salt, making no change in my diet. Now I am less round the hips, and only weigh 147 lbs. dressed. But I feel lighter and can now run upstairs, which before used to make me gasp for breath. Everyone says how well and fit I look, as I am in a store and get no walking exercise at all. The results may not be startling, but the fact remains that I feel much better than of late years—not so heavy—and I now enjoy dancing."

(Miss) J. H. Kruschen is based on scientific principle—it's an ideal blend of 6 separate minerals which help glands, nerves, blood and body organs to function properly and maintain a splendid health. It builds up the strength and strength all the while you're training yourself down to a point of normal weight.

May Be Hereditary

Doctor Finds Some Eskimos Are Getting Back Extra Rib

The male of the species, among the Eskimos at least, seems at last to be getting back that extra rib that Adam is said to have lost when Eve was created. Dr. T. D. Stewart, the Smithsonian Institution announced, has found that the "lost rib" is coming back among some Eskimos. They have 25 ribs instead of the customary 24. Return of the 25th rib apparently indicates that evolution is still at work in the human race, the institution said. The 25th rib is giving more chest and abdomen space to individuals in which it appears. The extra rib may be hereditary. Some indication of this is seen in the fact that practically all of the 25th ribs are found among males and most of them grow among Eskimos living north of the Yukon River. Dr. Stewart has found the extra ribs in about 12 per cent of 200 Eskimo skeletons from Alaska that he has examined.

Used To Thunderstorms

So Common In Java People Do Not Notice Them

In Java thunderstorms are so common no one takes any notice of them. Many hundreds of thunderstorms, often severe ones, are experienced in the rainy season. For several months the sound of more or less distant thunder scarcely ever ceases, and it is only when there is a terrific crash right overhead that folks are conscious of the sound. In fact, the people of Java are so used to hearing thunder for a good part of the year that only when the storm ceases do they realize that they have been living in a perpetual uproar.

Conscience Fund Grows

The "Conscience Fund" at the U.S. Treasury Department has crawled to above \$400,000, which just goes to show that some people insist in being honest. The Federal Government has had a conscience fund since the days of President Madison. It was started by a fellow who had defrauded the U.S. of \$5.

There are 1,200,000 bricks and 70,000 tons of cement, chalk and sand in Europe's largest chimney, located at Charlottenberg, Germany.

The bay of Fundy covers an area of approximately 8,000 square miles.

Declares War On Slums

Great Britain Starts Five-Year Drive Against Methods Of Disease

Great Britain has declared a five-year war to the finish on her slums. Tumbledown alley dwellings, basement caves and insanitary "back-to-backs"—hotbeds of tuberculosis, rickets, anemia and other diseases—are slated to be wiped out.

The government's move against the plague spots is motivated by the prevailing low building costs and low rates of interest on money, together with a desire to ease the pinch of unemployment.

To insure immediate action the minister of health has called upon all housing authorities in England and Wales to submit by Sept. 30 a series of programs drawn on the basis of clearing all such areas by 1938.

The program is to include a list of the areas in each locality, the number of houses to be demolished, the number of inhabitants affected, a list of areas where improvement by reconditioning is necessary and time tables for complete clearance, including plans for rehousing of the displaced dwellers.

"The time limit is the very essence of this program," says Sir Edward Hilton Young, Minister of Health. "The time limit must, of course, give reasonable time for the work, but it must be fixed, and fixed absolutely."

No one knows the complete extent of the slum problem in the land, though the estimate generally given is that 1,000,000 dwellings must go to make room for the programs from every area.

An up-to-date picture, however, will be available by Sept. 30, the deadline for the program from every area.

The great mass of the slum dwellers is more than a century old, harking back to the era of quick industrialization of the country when houses sprang up like mushrooms around the factories.

But the problem is not limited to the cities, unhealthful conditions flourish in many villages and these, too, are on the books for destruction.

Among cities, the slum evil is general and is regarded as being at its worst in the industrial and mining areas, Liverpool, Manchester, Birmingham, Leeds, Bristol, Hull, Sheffield and scores of other cities have sordid, insanitary sections.

London, because of the great population crammed into a relatively small area, is the worst problem of its own and it is believed that the five-year grace period may have to be lengthened for abolition of the sore spots.

In the wake of the government's determination on action, a lively campaign is being pursued by the press to keep the spirit for wholesale and immediate reform at high pitch. The Archbishops of Canterbury and York have penned vigorous appeals and the Prince of Wales, who knows the slum problem by periodic visits, has voiced the support of the royal family.

Latest Soil Thief

"Snowdrift-Erosion" Lowers Wheat Yield According To Report

"Snowdrift erosion" is the latest soil thief discovered by the Department of Agriculture. Occurring principally in the North-west the erosion is reported to have lowered wheat yields in that section. For a wheat crop, says Government experts, it is the common practice to furrow the land in the fall and crop it the next spring. The trouble comes because the snowdrifts form on leeward slopes in winter and at the spring melting carry away the loose, recently ploughed soil. The phenomenon is worst on northern slopes because the drifts are deepest there and the soil is not frozen when snow on top melts away.

A Dramatic Antidote

As the result of experiments conducted by Dr. W. B. Kouwenhoven, professor of electrical engineering at Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md., it has been discovered that an electric shock of high voltage is an antidote for an otherwise fatal shock from low voltage.

Empire Telephones

Empire telephones made another step when service between India and Australia was inaugurated. A short time later, Egypt, Palestine and South Africa were linked to India. Since the service between India and England was started on May 1 an average of five calls a day has been made from Bombay.

The Niagara Gorge, which is sometimes called the "geological clock," is about 25,000 years old.

Profits of the Australian National Bank last year were greater than in 1931.

SAVE 1/3

Plug Tobacco will last you 1/3 longer. It burns 1/3 slower... gives you more smokes, more enjoyment for the same money.

DIXIE

ONLY 20¢ A BIG PLUG

Another Kind Of War

Boycott Severs Trade Relations Between Latvia and Germany

That great German Reich and the very small republic of Latvia are indulging in a certain kind of war. Each has established an embargo on all imports from the other.

It began very unofficially when certain Latvian citizens decided to boycott German goods and German merchants as a protest against Hitlerism. Germany took official notice by barring Latvian butter. Latvia took the next step, a very official one, by barring all imports from Germany; and Germany made the thing complete by putting up bars against all Latvian trade.

At first glance it appears that little Latvia must be the greater sufferer. Her exports are almost wholly agricultural, and Germany has been her best customer. But on the other hand Latvia imports nearly all her manufactured necessities, and in the past has purchased most of them in Germany.

Neither nation is likely to suffer very seriously but Germany will really lose more than Latvia. The German gesture of brow-beating a small state for the offense of an unofficial boycott is similar in principle to the Japanese "punishment" of Shanghai for boycotting Japanese goods. It is far from heroic.

Five Years Without Rain

People Of Shensi, China, Are Dying Of Starvation

Farmers who cry for more rain although it may have been only a matter of days or weeks since there was a downpour, should be thankful the chances of birth did not bring them into the world in the province of Shensi, China. There, there has been no rain for five years. Normally, it is a fertile land, one of the richest agricultural territories in the country, and peopled by men and women of fine physique and steady industry.

Today they are starving. They have no crops or live stock to speak of. They have died by tens of thousands of starvation. They live remote from railways and other means of transport and from ordinary communications. They have suffered and died in silence in the hinterland of a country that is almost too vast to comprehend.

Five years without rain! Think of that. We're not so ill off after all. St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Outlay Not Only Thing

Much More Goes Into Making and Keeping a Home

Everything worth while costs something, although there may be no label on it. A home costs something. First of all, the house and furnishings mean a big outlay. Then there is love, forbearance, helpfulness, and sacrifice—things that make a house a home. When we consider the cost of a home, how careful we ought to be not to do anything that would interfere with its happiness. Nor should we think only of our own home; are we not also responsible for the well-being of the homes of others?

Depends On Viewpoint

The wise holiday-maker is he who refrains from turning glutton and crowding so much into his few brief days away from business that when he returns the routine of it becomes an intolerable monotony. This work-a-day life is not at all monotonous if we regard it rightly.

Valuing Your Friends

You must value your friends for what they are, overlooking what they are not, remembering that they must care for you in that same fashion if they care for you at all.

Combating Disease

Death Rate From Diphtheria Is Lowered In Manitoba

Ten years ago the diphtheria death rate in Manitoba was 21.5 per 100,000, which meant that 150 children lost their lives in this province every year from this preventable disease. In 1923 immunization was started in Winnipeg, with the result that by 1929 the death rate for the whole province had been brought down to 10.3. In that year immunization was extended to parts of rural Manitoba, resulting in a further reduction of death rate to 5.2. In rural Manitoba since 1930 there have been 63 deaths in unimmunized territory and only 18 deaths in the much larger population of the immunized territory. There have been no deaths among immunized persons.—Winnipeg Tribune.

Wages Being Increased

New Westminster Lumber Mill Also Employing More Men

An increase of 10 per cent. in wages, affecting 750 men, has gone into effect at the Fraser Mills plant of the Western Lumber Co., Ltd., New Westminster, B.C.

The increase follows a better demand for lumber and an increase in price. The Fraser Mills plant is turning out quarter of a million feet of lumber daily and the shingle mill is working double shift. Employment at the plant has increased from about 450 men to 750 since last winter.

While the bulk of lumber shipments are still going by ship cargo, the demand for rail shipments is increasing.

A Comfortable Margin

Population Of New York Nearly Million Behind London

The population of New York City according to a census by the New York Merchants' Association is now 7,218,000. This still leaves London the world's greatest city by a comfortable margin, its 1932 census showing a population of 8,202,818. Next to New York comes Berlin, with over 4,000,000, then Chicago with 3,376,000. There are eight cities in the world with a population of more than 2,000,000, and thirty-one with more than 1,000,000.

Commission To Handle Wheat Bucharest, Roumania.—The Roumanian government has decided to set up a purchasing commission to ensure a remunerative return to its wheat farmers by buying large amounts of the cereal at a price fixed by the administration.

The Queen of Norway recently purchased three English hunting horses.

The heavy influx of tourists is boosting business in Italy.

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MONTREAL, CANADA

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MONTREAL, CANADA

W. N. U. 2001

Scientists Assert That Extremes Of High Temperatures Will Mark The Summer Of 1933

If vagaries of summer weather to date have not been sufficient to bring conviction that extremes of high temperature will mark the season, it may be added that science—to the extent that it ventures opinions upon such subjects—agrees with the popular view that this summer is to be extraordinarily hot.

The reason given by the supposed experts, if accepted without too much critical examination, is fairly simple. We may expect a good number of hot spells, they declare, because less cold air is going to move in this direction than has arrived in other recent seasons. The full explanation is a trifle more involved.

Heat in any region is produced by three causes: the direct effect of sunlight; drift of hot air from place to place; and by the way air masses are warmed through the increase of pressure when descending from higher atmospheric levels. This third variety of heat is the same as that produced when air is compressed inside an automobile tire. The first two causes have been here this year, the meteorological report, was caused by movement of air northward after it had become over-heated through such a process of descent and compression in the area about the Gulf of Mexico.

If we are to guess about future weather, though, we must return to consideration of the sun; for it, after all, not only generates heat but is also the chief force in compressing and moving it, whether cold or in a heated state. At intervals, about every year, it is that the sun is expected to generate an increased amount of heat, because the number of sunspots is on the increase and, contradictory though it may seem, the more sunspots there are on the sun the more heat it emits.

But this heat, to continue with the meteorologist's tale of contradictions, ordinarily brings cool weather in this area, for the warmth becomes transformed into solar energy, stirs the atmosphere and brings large gusts of cold northern air in this direction. There is, however, the settlement of time lag connected with this solar energy, since it works largely through heat storage in the ocean. Immediate weather conditions show a tendency to correspond with solar conditions of six or eight years ago. In the solar period which will control our weather this year, according to the scientists, sun energy was at its maximum, and as a result, we are now in a time of decreasing atmospheric circulation. That means, if they are right, what was said in the first place; less cold air is coming this way.

All of which, it is to be feared, leaves guessing on the weather almost as dangerous a game as in the past, even though the scientists, like the earlier weather prophets, who spoke in simpler terms, seem confident that the accurate, the sun, the growing less and less secret to them. But if it is a hot summer, don't forget we told you so. Or the scientists did.—Toronto Evening Telegram.

Saskatchewan Butter

Creamery Butter Output During May Shows Increase

Creamery butter output in Saskatchewan during May shows an increase of 54,762 pounds over April according to figures released by the dairy branch of the department of agriculture for Saskatchewan. This is an increase of 29 per cent. As an indication of the return of the southern section of the province to its former position, May figures showed an increase over the production figures for the same month last year.

For the first five months of the year the creameries report a total butter make of 6,101,728 pounds, which is practically the same as the figures for the same period of 1932.

Old Rule Proved Wrong

The old rule that pig for pig should not be ground to finely means to have been dealt a severe jolt by recent findings of Professor Sinclair, as reported to the Alberta Farmers' Field Day at the University of Alberta. Finely ground grain brought faster gains than either medium ground, coarse ground, or whole grains fed to pigs at Edmonton.

The upturn was inevitable. When people get their backs to the wall they begin to face things.

The latest definition of a go-getter is a fellow who runs off at a gallop three miles from a service station.

W. N. U. 2001

Radio Station Moved By Plane

All Northland Is Now Linked With Outside World

An entire radio station and all its delicate equipment has been moved by air from Lindsby Bay to Cameron Bay by Royal Canadian Corps of Signals with the co-operation of the Canadian Airways.

The station, equipped with both short and long-wave apparatus, is functioning satisfactorily, it is stated. It is the first time on record such a feat has been accomplished.

Captain Stuart Hastings, commanding officer Royal Canadian Corps of Signals, announced every strategic-commercial centre in the northland is now in touch with the outside world. Two standard radio stations, erected by the Dominion government at Fort Rae and Fort Chipewyan, have commenced operations.

China Gains Morale

Pride May Have Started Welding Of Chinese Unity

China has surprised the world and very likely herself by refusing to follow the Japanese truce with a civil war of her own. Only a few weeks ago, when Tokyo's armies were sweeping over North China, people said that there would be no peace with Japan because no party in China could make such a peace and stand up against the wrath of the Chinese people. But the Nanking Government signed a truce which seems to have found general acceptance in the country.

The hammer blows of the Japanese invader may thus have begun the welding of Chinese unity. Japan's case before the world is based chiefly on the contention that China is not a nation but a riot. That charge may well have pierced through the crust of factional and personal selfishness to the core of the Chinese pride.—New York Times.

Autogyro May Replace

Observation Balloons

British Air Ministry Has Ordered One For Experiment

Observation balloons, the "sausages" and other types so familiar to Canadian troops in the war, today are possibly on the way to oblivion. The British Air Ministry has ordered one of the latest type wingless autogyro "windmill" aeroplanes for experimentation as a likely substitute for the balloon. It has been learned. Air ministry experts believe the autogyro will prove superior to the balloon for observation work because of its lesser vulnerability to attack and ability to resist attack or retire quickly in the face of a powerful hostile force. The type of air ministry has selected for its experiment will have a crew of five. It will be equipped with wireless and machine guns.

Dean Inge To Retire

Gloomy Dean To Resign From St. Paul's On Account Of Advancing Years

Dr. William Inge, the so-called "Gloomy Dean" of St. Paul's since 1911, announced his intention to resign the position next summer on account of advancing years. He is 73 years old.

He intends to spend his retirement in the neighborhood of Oxford, where he is understood to be negotiating for a house.

From His Standpoint

When Mose was told that poor Rastus had been shot dead by Judge Hicks while he was stealing the judge's chickens, he merely replied: "Oh, well, it might have been worse." "How could it have been worse?" indignantly asked the informant. "Poor Rastus dead! De judge just naturally blow de head right off or him. What could be worse dan dat?"

"It might have been worse," replied Mose, "if de judge fire de gun de night before, he might have blow de head off de me!"

A Novel Proposal

Headlights on sheep is a novel proposal put forward by J. N. Corbett, Montana rancher. A few animals wearing collars fitted with a flashlight battery and a red reflector on the lamp, he claims, will protect a band of several thousand sheep from sneaking coyotes and raiding cougars. He finds the light does not bother the sheep.

Peru has a new retail sales tax.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Ruth Rogers



766

SIMPLE, SMART, TREMENDOUSLY WEARABLE

It's slenderizing too. So many materials are suitable for this model. It only costs with your own particular needs.

For instance, if you want it for town or office, then a lovely checked soft crepe silk in the favoured blue and white is a very smart medium.

For a little later for warm summer days, printed sheer linen in red and white with white organdie trim is dainty and cool.

Another lovely suggestion is a woolly type rough cotton that is playing a big part in fashion for summer. A diagonal striped effect could be worked out very attractively. Pattern also provides for long sleeves.

Style No. 766 is designed for sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust.

Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards 35-inch with 3/4 yard 35-inch contrasting. Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

.....

Town

.....

More women of Italy insist on wearing foreign shoes than ever before.

CZAR OF RECOVERY PROGRAM WELL EQUIPPED



AS A SOLDIER

AS HE IS TO-DAY

Here are three views of the man whose job it is to put the United States workers back on the job. He is General Hodge B. Johnson, of Chicago, soldier, lawyer, and industrialist, to whom President Roosevelt has entrusted the gigantic task of directing government efforts under the Industrial Recovery Bill. This includes supervision over the \$3,612,000,000 public works program.

Publisher Picked Good Men

Cyrus H. K. Curtis Gave Employees Credit For His Success

Cyrus H. K. Curtis, Philadelphia publisher, who when he died was the publisher of prosperous newspapers and even more prosperous magazines, having nation-wide sales running into the millions, ascribed his success to the men who worked for him. He once said:

"The main point with me always has been in getting somebody to do a job better than I could do it myself. I knew what I wanted, but I could not always accomplish it. The success of our organization has been due entirely to the people I have found."

The late Edward K. Bok, editor of the Ladies' Home Journal, was probably as well known, if not more so, than a publisher. It was he and not Cyrus H. K. Curtis, who made that magazine. The personality of the men at the head of the editorial staffs is imprinted on the pages of the Curtis publications.

Unquestionably Mr. Curtis was a man of wonderful business instincts. He started in the newspaper line with a capital of three cents when he purchased the last three papers from a newsboy and sold them at the full price. With his six or nine cents he bought a few more papers next day and started the newspaper line with a capital of three cents when he purchased the last three papers from a newsboy and sold them at the full price. With his six or nine cents he bought a few more papers next day and started the newspaper line with a capital of three cents when he purchased the last three papers from a newsboy and sold them at the full price.

The salient fact in his career, however, as he said himself, is that he picked men who could do certain jobs better than himself.

That is how lots of successful men succeed. Sometimes they recognize that fact in a material way—and sometimes they don't.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Left-Handed Children

Should Not Be Forced To Use Right Hand

Reiterating education committee has forbidden its teachers to stop left-handed children from using the left hand for writing and other manual work. This has been done in consequence of a report by Dr. C. B. Hogg, the medical officer, whose attention has been directed to certain cases of stammering. The inquiries revealed that a number of these cases were left-handed children who had been converted to writing with their right hands.

Dr. Hogg cited facts showing that of 41 left-handed children who were compelled to use the right hand 24 became stammerers. In a further case 12 right-handed children were trained to use the left hand, and within five months all developed stammer.

What Puzzled Him

She watched him gazing down at their first-born wonder, admiration, rapture, incredulity, chased across his face. She stole up and said, tenderly: "Tell me your thoughts, dear."

"How can they make that cot for fifteen shillings?"

Business is looking up to those who are looking it up.

London Conference Delegates Meet On Common Ground At World Garden Party

Women Stand Adversity Well

In Many Cases Depression Has Been Of Benefit To Them

Although depression has driven a great many men to insanity and nervous disorders, its effect on women has been largely beneficial, according to Dr. Karl M. Bowman, assistant professor of psychiatry at Harvard medical school.

"The effect, as far as nervous disorders are concerned," Dr. Bowman said, "has been much like the effect on many women during the war. They were used to sitting around idle and worrying about themselves, but once the war got under way they occupied themselves with Red Cross work and other activities and forgot their imaginary troubles."

"Men, on the other hand, have probably increased nervous disorders. Many have broken under the strain, but strange to say, the wives of men hit by adversity are, on the whole, not nearly so badly affected."

"A study of hospitals throughout the state revealed no increase in the number of women psychiatric cases since the depression, the greater number, in almost every hospital, being men."

Theory Often Falls Down

Burglar Given Keys On Leaving Prison Was Soon Back

Modern penological theory believes that criminals in prison should be taught some useful occupation, and on their release he given back any tools they possessed, but here's a case where the theory fell down.

Frank Munnell was given back a bunch of various-sized keys when released from prison after being convicted of robbing apartment letter boxes. Now he is back for two years on the same charge after using the same keys.

"Where did you get these?" asked the judge.

"When I got out the officers gave them back to me," he replied.

Insurance Period Near Expiry

Ex-Servicemen Will Not Be Insured After August 31

The period within which ex-servicemen may make application for insurance under the provisions of the Returned Soldiers' Insurance Act expired on August 31, 1933, according to a bulletin issued to the Dominion Council of the Canadian Legion by J. R. Bowler, general secretary at Ottawa. Briefly the Act provides for the Government making insurance contracts with any returned soldier domiciled and resident in Canada or with any widow so domiciled and resident, for the payment of \$500 or any multiple thereof, but not exceeding \$5,000, in the event of death.

Injure Chilean Trade

British Restrictions Force Ranchers To Slaughter Sheep

British restrictions on meat importations have forced Chilean ranchers to slaughter 225,000 sheep from which the only marketable product they obtained was tallow.

Ordinarily almost all the sheep raised in this region are exported to England. Meat importations into the United Kingdom from non-Empire sources were restricted in the Ottawa trade agreements.

Have Plenty To Boast About

There is a village in Durham where the old folk proudly boast that if their age were tallied together they would stretch back to the days when Adam was a lad. Shotley Bridge is the place where people live happy and long. It has only a few hundred inhabitants, but they include several ancientarians and over a score of 90-year-olds, while people of 60 and 70 are looked upon as youngsters.

Competing With Apples

Consumption of apples in Canada does not show any great change, though slightly higher in the period 1922 to 1932 than in the preceding five years. There is growing competition from the banana and citrus fruits.

Beer was regarded by the Egyptians 4,000 years ago as one of the most popular medicines, declare European archaeologists.

All the world represented at a garden party! Setting: The spacious grounds of Windsor Castle. Hosts: His Britannic Majesty King George, his gracious Queen and members of the Royal family. "Among those present": Delegates from sixty-six countries, in attendance at the Economic Conference. More than 2,000 guests; many men of many minds, in formal attire; their ladies radiant in the bright raiment of summer. A babel of tongues.

Never before has there been a social function of this unique nature. Never before was it possible. During recent weeks leading statesmen of the civilized world have been converging on old London, "the heart of all creation, where the velvet of commerce meet." They gathered on serious business, to use of relief for a society afflicted world. They were greeted and welcomed by His Majesty the King; and after finding their bearings and getting down to work, His Majesty the King invited them to a week-end garden party.

That is the way they do things in hospitable England. Business is business; but there must be the week-end relaxation. "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy." But more things are accomplished during the week-end, at least in the case of garden parties, than are dreamed of in the philosophy of people who do not know England and the English. And at this garden party in Windsor Castle grounds leads and contacts may have been established that will mean much later on in the conference deliberations.

Consider the nature of this assemblage of people. Each hemisphere was well represented. There were "men of the Northern zone," and dark-skinned guests from the Orient, East and West. Also men from the Republics of North and South America; from Africa; from the Dominions of the British Empire. Guests from the older lands, and from "regions Caesar never knew." On the grounds are men and women with the easy pose developed through many centuries of Old World civilization, and guests from the newer countries who may have felt ill at ease in the splendid surroundings of an ancient castle at the heart of English culture. But none of them ever before had attended a world garden party. In that they were on equal footing.

His Majesty the King provided for this truly cosmopolitan gathering an opportunity to get acquainted. Of course, there would be no politics at the world garden party but it seems probable that, if, in such delightful environment, delegates from the far places of the earth were brought together in a friendly social way, they would get along better when they returned to work in the great hall of Kensington Museum, where the business of the conference is carried on. The personal touch is mighty in its influence. After all, in the broader sense, human beings throughout the world are much alike; and they all were represented at the King's garden party.

It will be recalled that on the opening day of the conference a threatening pall hung over the prospect, but that this was dispelled by better understanding among the delegates. There were also dark, rain-filled clouds over Windsor Castle grounds as the guests began to assemble, but the kindly sun decided that this party must be a success, and the afternoon was spent under delightful weather conditions. These may be regarded as hopeful auguries. And, taken all together, there is closer association between a World Conference and a world garden party than prosaic observers may imagine.—Toronto Globe

Passing Of The Skyscraper

Population and industrial trends indicated in the census reports are now recognized by one profession particularly affected. William Orr Ludlow of an American Institute of Architects sees the skyscraper era at an end and the time of smaller cities, widespread suburban communities, and decentralized industry at hand.—New York Evening Post.

Stainless Steel Train

Contracts have been completed for the construction of a stainless steel train for the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, capable of travelling 120 miles an hour. The train will comprise three cars built as an experimental unit, powered by a Diesel electric motor, and will be ready for experimental service in actual public use this fall.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

The Hopewell home of Col. and Mrs. Charles A. Lindbergh, from which their first born son was kidnapped in March, 1932, will become a children's welfare centre.

Last slumbering citizens of Westmont, Quebec, be disturbed some night, the aldermen, meeting in council, decided to spend \$70 to provide mufflers for their fire engines.

Recently completed at a cost of more than \$1,000,000, arts and science building of University of Manitoba may be abandoned as a temporary economy measure, it is stated.

Foreign missionaries, including a number of Americans, in northeast Szechwan province, western China, have been forced to evacuate their stations as the result of incursions of Chinese Communists and Shensi.

Miss Jean Barnes, a cowgirl of Butte, Mont., took 68 days to ride a horse 1,700 miles to the world's fair. She has arranged to trade the horse for an aeroplane ride home. It will take about 12½ hours.

In a statement of recognition of Russia, Senator Norris (R., Neb.) said he was reliably informed the Soviet wanted to buy from America \$10,000,000 of meat products, 1,000,000 bales of cotton and \$400,000,000 worth of machinery.

Great Britain has agreed to take 60,000 hogs a week from Canada for the next five years providing we can produce the right kind of hogs. Hon. D. G. McKenna told delegates to the annual convention in Brandon of the Western Manitoba Board of Trade.

Dr. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, leader of the Liberal Party in the House of Commons, will visit Alberta during August, according to announcement at Calgary by N. S. Lambert, Ottawa, secretary of the Liberal National Association.

President Ramon de Valera told thousands of his countrymen the Irish Free State would not wait for agreements from the world economic conference, but would proceed with its own plans for economic improvement.

Making the trip in the shortest time on record, Constable Norris Yates, of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, "nosed" the 425 miles between Chesterfield Inlet and Churchill in seven days on one of his trips "out" for mail.

Incurable Patients

Old Question Of Euthanasia Discussed By American Physicians
Delegates attending the American Institute of Homeopaths heard two doctors debate the question: "Should physicians be given the legal right to dispose of incurable patients?"

Speaking in favor of euthanasia or medico-legal death, Dr. W. A. Guild of Chicago cited the case of a child monstrously saved from death at birth after six weeks of care. He suggested a special court of humanitarianists to hear and grant pleas of persons who wish to die. This idea was opposed by Dr. Alonzo C. Tenney, also of Chicago, who said legalized euthanasia would be abused.

Many Musicians Took Part

Largest Military Band Played At Aldershot Tattoo

The largest military band in the world took part in the tattoo held recently at Aldershot. It was part of the great army pageant played by 5,000 soldier actors in the Rushmore Valley before an audience of 50,000 children who came to Aldershot from London and all parts of the home counties. An army officer who knew all the behind-the-scenes secrets of the tattoo remarked: "There is nothing to touch that living carpet of massed bands. There are 41 bands, 37 bandmasters, 14 drum-majors, including the tallest in the British army, who stands six feet two inches in his bonnet—altogether 849 musicians."

Slow motion pictures reveal that when a bullet is shot at a pane of glass, the compressed air travelling in front of the projectile pierces a hole in the glass before the speeding bullet strikes it.

When fire broke out in the garden of the Neapel Hotel, Torquay, England, timber from the roof fell on the button of an automobile horn and woke the guests.

During the recent strike of seamen in New Zealand inter-island mail was delivered by aeroplane.

W. N. U. 2001

DAME FASHION HAS TAKEN A
LOOK AT SHOULDERS AND
MADE THEM QUITE HUFF-
LED ABOUT THEM-
SELVES

The bodice has a becoming surplus collar that winds about the waist and ties in a pretty girlish bow at the neck. The short sleeves have just the right puff. The pattern also provides for long sleeves.

The skirt is straight and slender, slightly flared toward the hem. This darling affair is so easy to make, the skirt being in two sections. And will you be surprised at its small cost!

Gray crepe print made the original. The cunning collar is white crepe. Another idea for the collar is white organdy.

Plain crepe silk, batiste prints (particularly in polka-dots), linen in plaids or gray stripes, chiffon cotton voile prints, etc., are seasonable and delightful.

Style No. 722 is designed for sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust. Size 16 requires 3½ yards of 36-inch material with 1½ yards of 36-inch contrasting.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 375 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. _____ Size _____

Name _____

Town _____

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JULY 9

CALEB

Golden Text: "Blessed is the man that maketh Jehovah his trust." — Psalm 40:4.

Lesson: Numbers 13; Joshua 14.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 121.

Explanations and Comments

The Division Of Canaan, verses 1-3. The land of Canaan was divided among the twelve tribes whose founders were the two sons of Joseph (Ephraim and Manasseh) and the other sons of Jacob, Levi excepted. The tribe of Levi was set apart for the services of the priesthood. "This is Judah's; this is Simeon's; and this is Benjamin's," they said, even while the Amorites, the Jebusites, and the Hittites were in open possession. The division made was the announcement in faith of certain high ideals which under God's guidance they proposed to realize by the long and patient struggle which followed.

"Alas for the dull-eyed, humdrum people whose aspirations never get a rod in advance of their present achievements! Unless we perpetually see visions and dream dreams, we shall never have the moral vigor, the spiritual insight for winning a land of promise. It is what we see by the eye of faith and confidently wait for that kindles our hearts to undertake the high tasks of life." — C. H. Brown. Caleb's Claim, verses 6-12. Caleb came to Joshua with a claim in which he was supported by the rest of the tribe of Judah. Caleb is called here the Kenizzite, a name given the Edomite tribe in Genesis 16:19; but Caleb's younger brother, Othniel, who after Joshua became the first of the Judges, is called "the son of Kenaz" and it may have been from this name of Kenaz, a member of the tribe of Judah, that the word Kenizzite was derived. Caleb reminded Joshua of the promise made him when he returned to Kadesh-Barnea with the other spies, when he had had the courage of his convictions, and had brought back a sincere report urging the immediate conquest of Canaan. To the record of courageous faithfulness he could now add that he had wholly followed Jehovah his God.

You wish to have pleasant memories of the past; are you sowing pleasant memories now? Just as surely as health in old age depends in part on the reserve strength laid by in youth, the old age depends on the reserve of knowledge and experience stored up in the past, so does peace of mind in old age depend on the reserve of peace on the memory during youth and manhood. Paul looked back over his life and said: "I have fought a good fight; I have finished my course; I have kept the faith." And then he looked forward and said, "Henceforth there is laid up for me a crown of righteousness."

Not Looking For Charity

Man Appeared Poor But Had Fortune In Bills

An old man murching half a loaf, his clothes in tatters, excited kindly interest of civil guards at Dundale, Ireland, and they took him to their barracks to treat him to a square meal.

To the astonishment of all he extracted from his pocket \$50,000 in bills.

The old man, who refused to give his name, explained he had been his own banker throughout the bank troubles in the United States and had returned to Ireland, with his hoard after 46 years in the United States.

Conference Helped Trade

Ottawa Imperial Conference Trade agreements have resulted in an increase of more than \$10,000,000 in Canada's exports to the United Kingdom during 1932, according to Hon. H. H. Stevens, Dominion Minister of Trade and Commerce. This had occurred, he added, while trade after the world showed very marked declines.

There are to be 60,000 hot-dog stands at the Chicago Exposition this summer. A century of progress!

Consumption of electric power in Italy continues to increase.

SPANISH PRINCE AND CUBAN WIFE



Alfonso, Prince of the Asturias, eldest son of the ex-King of Spain, pictured with his commoner wife, Senorita Edmilia Sampedro (left), of Cuba, and her sister, Maria, outside the Prince's hotel in Lausanne, Switzerland. He renounced his royal rights to wed her.

ASSASSIN'S TARGET



Mrs. Venizelos, wife of the ex-Premier of Greece, smiles bravely for the cameras from the hospital bed in Athens, where she is recovering from four bullet wounds received when an assassin attempted the life of her husband. The ex-Premier escaped unhurt.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

GRAPE-NUTS RAISIN PIE

¼ cup grape-nuts.
¼ cup raisins, chopped.
1½ cups brown sugar.
2¼ cups hot water.
¼ cup elder vinegar.
8 tablespoons butter.

Line a 9-inch pie tin with paste rolled to ¼-inch thickness. Combine ingredients in order named and cook 10 minutes. Cool and pour into pie tin. Roll remaining paste to ¼-inch thickness, cut into ¼-inch strips and place 1 inch apart over top of pie to form lattice top. With sharp knife, trim off surplus paste, moisten rim with cold water, place ¼-inch strip paste around it, and press edges together with fork dipped in flour. Bake in hot oven (425 degrees Fahrenheit) 15 minutes, then reduce temperature to moderate oven (375 degrees Fahrenheit). Continue baking 25 minutes, or until pie is delicate brown.

ORANGE MALTED MILK

(Serves 1)
1 tablespoon malted milk powder.
¼ cup boiling water.
¼ cup cold water.
2 tablespoons orange juice.
Cracked ice.

Mix malted milk powder with boiling water to make a smooth paste. Add cold water and orange juice, strain over cracked ice into glass.

The wings, rudder and elevators of a new British aeroplane are made of virtually transparent material covered with wire mesh, making the plane almost invisible at high altitude.

Smartie: "Do you keep joints to suit all purposes?"
Butcher: "Yes."

Smartie: "Then, what have you for an empty one?"
Butcher: "A cold shoulder."

A statue to Marshal Foch will be erected in the Forest of Compiègne, France, where the Armistice was signed.

Thirty miners are prospecting for coal under the Firch of Forth, Scotland.

Westcliff, England, will build a \$2,000,000 amusement pier.

Pioneer Steamship Company

Conard Line Celebrates 93rd Anniversary Of Its Inception

This year the Conard Line will celebrate its 93rd anniversary by sending the "Aquitania" to Halifax, Nova Scotia, the first port touched by a Conard ship in America in the first year of its trans-Atlantic life, in 1840. The occasion will feature a week-end cruise to the Nova Scotia port.

The Conard Line's birthday, like that of the United States, falls on the Fourth of July, the first ship of the line, the "Britannia," leaving Liverpool, England, on that date in 1840, and calling at Halifax and Boston 93 years ago.

The Conard Line is the oldest trans-Atlantic steamship company—in fact, the first to operate across the Atlantic on a regular schedule. Previous to the regular sailings of the "Britannia," other steamships had crossed the ocean, but their voyages were entirely on the line of expeditions. The Conard Line started to run on a weekly schedule in 1840.

The first ship to cross the ocean was the "Savannah," built in New York City. She sailed from the Georgia city for which she was named, on May 10, 1819, arriving in Liverpool on June 29th, 35 days later. She did not rely solely upon American ships for a fact, she trusted more to her sails, being under steam for less than 100 hours.

Twelve years later, the first "Royal William" made the entire trans-Atlantic voyage under steam. No further steam venture was ahead, when the "Sirius" left London, England, for New York with 94 passengers aboard. She was followed by the "Great Western," the first steam vessel specially built for the Atlantic passage. The "Great Western" made the trip in 15 days, two days less than the "Sirius," and arrived with 200 tons of coal left in her bunkers. The result was regarded as wonderful.

Samuel Cunard was a close observer of all these happenings. Being at the time in Halifax, he had acquired several sailing vessels, in which he carried mail between Newfoundland, Boston and Bermuda.

During the year 1838 the British Government had sent out circulars inviting bids for a faster and more reliable means of transit for postal matter by steam vessels. One of these circulars found its way into the hands of Mr. Cunard (later Sir Samuel) and he concluded that here was his golden opportunity.

Unable to raise necessary capital in Halifax, Mr. Cunard sailed for London, where he was now 50 years old. He received but little sympathy in London, but as he had a letter of introduction to Robert Napier, a shipbuilder and naval architect, he went on to Glasgow. Mr. Napier welcomed Mr. Cunard and introduced him to the two ablest shipbuilding men in Great Britain—George Burns of Glasgow, Scotland, and David MacIver, of Liverpool, England. Between the three men £270,000 capital was subscribed and Mr. Cunard was in a position to tender for the conveyance of mails once every two weeks between Liverpool, Halifax, and Boston.

This tender was lower than that made by the owners of the "Great Western." Mr. Cunard's preliminary rivals, was accepted and a contract for seven years was let to the North Atlantic Steam Packet Company, the original name of the Conard Line.

To carry on this trade, plans for four steamers, the "Britannia," "Columbia," and "Caledonia," were made and the first departed during 1839, and the ships were launched early the next year, 1840.

The "Britannia," with 64 passengers, started on her maiden voyage from Liverpool to Boston on July 4th, 1840, and arrived in Boston 14 days later, and 8 hours later, including a stop at Halifax, considered at the time a rapid passage.

The mail service grew to such an extent that the "Hibernia" was added in 1843, and the "Cambria" in 1844.

In 1847, when the company's first mail contract had expired a new contract was entered into with the Cunard Line and provided for weekly sailings from Liverpool to New York and Boston.

More ships followed, all being built of wood, but with no radical departure from the "Britannia" until the year 1852, when the iron screw steamer "Australia" and three sister ships were built.

The company's first steel liner was the "Servia," built in 1881. She was the first Cunard to be fitted with electricity. She was superbly fitted for those days and provided accommodation for 480 cabin and 760 third class passengers.

The "Compania" and "Lucania," built in 1892, were among the first big ships, registering 13,000 tons. Both were fast, the "Lucania" making the westward crossing from Queenstown in five days, seven hours, and twenty-three minutes. It was on this ship that Marconi experimented with and first introduced wireless telegraphy.

New quadruple propellers speeded the Conard Line's big three—the "Berengaria," "Aquitania," and "Mauretania," through the seas. Thus the history of the Conard Line has to a great extent been the history of shipping, beginning with wooden side-wheels, followed by the iron ship, the single screw, the steel ship, then twin, triple and quadruple screws, and all built and propelled in the interest of the speedy transportation of mails between Great Britain and America.

Samuel Cunard was knighted in 1869 because of his outstanding services in the Crimean War. He died in London, England, in 1894, in his 73rd year.

Coal Subsidy

One-Seventh Of A Cent A Mile On Coal Shipped From Saskatchewan To Great Fields

Subsidy of one-seventh of a cent a mile on coal shipped from Saskatchewan lignite fields to points in Manitoba and as far east as Sioux Lookout, has been made effective by federal order-in-council.

Word of the passage of the order-in-council providing for a subsidy of one-seventh of a cent a mile, but not to exceed in any case a total of 40 cents a ton was received recently by officials of the Saskatchewan department of railways, labor and industries.

The freight concession will apply only on lignite coal shipped out of Saskatchewan to Manitoba and western Ontario points for industrial purposes only, and will not apply to anything under carload lots.

The concession will be accorded only to mines established before December, 1931.

The rate concession will place Saskatchewan mines in a favored position in competition with coal from American mining fields for distribution in Manitoba.

The order-in-council provides for the freight concession being actually paid to the railways by the government, the adjustment to be made direct to the mine operators.

Ban On Socialists

Germany's Social Democratic Party Has Ceased to Exist

Germany's Social Democratic party, once the leader of Socialists the world over and the winner of the 1918 revolution, has ceased to exist as a legal political organization.

Chancellor Hitler's heavy hand, which first fell upon the Communists, has now descended upon the party which long was the leading one and was regarded as an impenetrable bulwark of the post-war republic.

All speeches in recent days by Nazi leaders indicate the Hitler movement intends to claim 100 per cent. power in Germany.

A serious blow was dealt to department and chain stores in an order issued by Chancellor Hitler's commissar for business, Otto Wagner.

Department and chain stores were forbidden to maintain barber and beauty shops, photographic studios, bakeries, sausage factories, custom tailoring departments, watch repair and optical shops, automobile and bicycle repair shops, circulating libraries, banking and money exchange offices and furniture factories.

Secret police suspended for one week the National Deutsche Zeitung, one of whose editors is a nephew of Dr. Hugenberg.

Mechanism Of The Ear

Little Is Known As To How Ear Is Sound Is Conveyed To The Brain

The mechanism of the human ear has been known during long ages, but the manner in which it conveys definite information to the brain is another matter. The world is still far from a final pronouncement, however learnedly one may speak of sound-waves striking upon the drum of the ear and establishing a vibration which is communicated to the brain by a row of white threads attached to a series of wonderfully articulated bones. That the threads, like the serials which catch the flutterings of the ether bearing sound across the oceans, and give them right exactly as they were born thousands of miles away, to the last squeak of the clarinet or chirp of the piccolo; translate to human brains the meaning conveyed by the air vibrations which lap against the eardrum or tympanum does not greatly help. A writer says: "We call the threads nerves, but how the tympanum adapts itself by contraction and relaxation to the different pitch of sound without our will intervening we have no idea. We know only that it does."

Looks Like Prosperity

What is this? Prosperity turning the corner? A new Broadway cafeteria in New York announces that the floor in its windows will be paved with silver dollars. Light-fingered gentry need not come around. The coins will be cemented hard and fast.

In the first 13 months of operations of the only air service in Greece it carried 10,950 passengers, 257,700 pounds of merchandise and 17,500 pounds of mail.

Spain's longest commercial air route is between Barcelona and Seville, a distance of 670 miles.

Air travel in Europe is more popular this season than ever before.

INDIAN POLICY IS DEFENDED BY BALDWIN

London, Eng.—Die-hard Conservatives met overwhelming defeat in their attack on the government's Indian policy at a specially convened meeting of the central Conservative council. More than 1,000 members attended.

Led by Winston Churchill, Lord Carson and Lord Lloyd, former governor of Bombay, the die-hard faction presented a resolution expressing "grave anxiety" over the administration's proposals for the government of India, but this met with a stormy reception. An amendment was finally adopted by a vote of 888 to 356 postponing any final conclusion on the question until the joint select committee on India made its recommendations.

Stanley Baldwin, lord president of the council, defended the government's proposals. He was given a great reception. Some time it was stated Mr. Baldwin would stake his leadership of the party on the verdict of the gathering and his decision to participate in the meeting with first-class importance.

He alluded to his reluctance to bring great imperial issue into the party arena, but emphasized that regardless of rumors to the contrary, the white paper issued by government and embodying its plan for India, and the support of the entire cabinet, had the support of the entire cabinet.

Winston Churchill, who accused Mr. Baldwin of inconsistency, was subjected to considerable interruption while Lord Carson, leaning heavily on his stick and evidently in pain, was given a wonderful reception.

Boat Rates For Wheat Low

Two Cents Per Bushel From Lakehead To Montreal

Ottawa, Ont.—The battle among the lake shipping interests is a factor in the present improved wheat situation, according to word reaching the government department here. Boats are carrying wheat from the head of the lakes to Montreal at as low as two cents a bushel. This is the lowest rate statistical officials can recall. Last fall the price was around 4½ cents.

During last session an amendment was made to the coastal laws limiting the business from the head of the lakes to Montreal to British owned ships, but it will only be brought into effect by proclamation and it is estimated here this will be delayed at least until Premier R. B. Bennett returns. Ocean rates are also down.

Leaves Soon For Antarctic

Unexplored Regions Are Objective Of Lincoln Ellsworth

New York.—Lincoln Ellsworth told the Metropolitan club he had abandoned a summer visit to Switzerland in order to have more time for his south polar expedition. Plans and map will depart soon for New Zealand.

In New Zealand he will undergo a final conditioning period for an early fall start on the project that has the unexplored regions of the bay of Wales and the Fitcher ice shelf as its objective.

Unemployed Make Trouble

Vancouver, B.C.—A crowd of about 150 men broke into the unemployment relief office at Hamilton Hall, overturned registration files, tore out telephone connections, and fled before police could reach the scene. Practically all records of single unemployed relief cases were scrambled so that several days will be required to sort them out.

Island Disappears

Tokyo, Japan.—Ganges Island, shown on maps of the Pacific Ocean at 30.57 degrees north latitude, 154.10 degrees east longitude, has disappeared, according to Japanese naval surveys who have just completed an extensive hydrographic cruise.

On Welcome Committee

Ottawa, Ont.—The Dominion Government will be represented at the informal welcome to President Franklin D. Roosevelt, at Campo-Bello Island, N.B., by Hon. Murray MacLaren, Minister of Pensions and National Health.

Decides Not To Resign

Winnipeg, Man.—Hon. Albert Prefontaine, former minister of agriculture in the Manitoba Government and at present minister without portfolio, has decided not to resign his seat in the legislature or his position in the government.

W. N. V. 1901

Relief From Drouth

Rains Over Wide Areas Greatly Relieve Situation

Ottawa, Ont.—At least temporary relief from drouth was provided over wide areas in the prairie provinces by rains during the past week. This was rendered more effective by moderate temperatures, according to the weekly telegraphic crop report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The serious dangers from grasshoppers is emphasized.

"Drouth has had a damaging effect on crop growth across the southern part of Canada from eastern Quebec to the Rockies. Heavy rainfall has greatly improved conditions in the Maritime provinces. Drouth prevails throughout Quebec, with growth of all crops retarded. Rain is urgently needed. Similar conditions prevail in Ontario, where the dry weather has adversely affected nearly all crops."

Grain producers in the prairie provinces are encountering many trials, particularly drouth, heat, hail, insects and disease. Grasshoppers are becoming migratory and seriously threaten the crops over large southern areas of the three provinces.

Root-rot has accentuated the damage from drouth in Saskatchewan. During the past week, there were good rains in northern and central districts of the prairies which either maintained or improved prospects, but further general precipitation is necessary.

British Columbia reports are much more optimistic as a result of the clear, warm weather of the past fortnight.

Renewed Confidence

Advances In Commodity Prices In Augury Of Better Times

Calgary, Alberta.—Recent advances in commodity prices were laid by Premier J. E. Brownlee of Alberta to the renewed confidence of salaried men and women in the security of their jobs.

In Calgary attending the annual convention of the Union of Alberta Municipalities, the premier took time to express confidence in the return of better economic conditions which he said was already evident.

"Thousands of our Canadian people are on salaries. When they lose confidence they do not spend freely. When they are confident, they do spend. I think the reserves which have been held back in recent years by the salaried people are now beginning to open and that this influence will be felt throughout the Dominion for the better," he said.

Explaining a reference to a construction program, Mr. Brownlee said the government was now conducting a survey of useful public works which might be done in the province.

"The whole question of work which the government is now considering will be to increase accommodation in various provincial institutions," he said. "If we can find the money, such work may just provide the impetus needed to open up business again in the west."

Will Protect Farmers From Crop Seizures

Saskatchewan Debt Adjustment Commission Completes Plans

Regina, Sask.—Plans for the protection of farmers against undue pressure from creditors have been completed by the Saskatchewan Debt Adjustment commission.

After farmers who adopt the plan laid down by the board have filled in the necessary form provided the board will arrange:

- (1) That no seizure of the crop will be made by sheriffs to pay off judgments, etc.
- (2) That creditors will not be allowed to seize.
- (3) That farm implements will not be seized.
- (4) That title to land will not pass to the tax sale purchaser.

An outline of this plan is being forwarded to farmers in Saskatchewan by the debt adjustment board in the form of a circular letter.

U.S. Wheat Tax

Washington.—Administrators of the United States Farm Act plan to levy a 30-cent a bushel processing tax on wheat, despite the recent sharp rise in grain prices. The administrators hope to place the levy into effect early next month, probably July 8.

Victim Of Heart Disease

Toronto, Ont.—Major General W. B. Lindsay, who commanded the royal Canadian Engineers at the battle of Vimy Ridge in the Great War, was found dead at the Toronto Hunt Club, apparently a victim of heart disease.

GENERAL STRIKE THREATENED BY RAILWAY MEN

Ottawa, Ont.—A general strike of Canadian railway running trades loomed as a possibility following a deadlock reached by railway and union officials over the proposed 20 per cent. wage reduction.

A meeting here with Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Labor, as chairman, at which the proposed wage reduction was discussed by company officials and representatives of the men, ended in a deadlock. Union officers then took under advisement asking their 24,000 members whether to call a general strike.

Five groups of railway workers were involved in the dispute—engineers, firemen, conductors, trainmen and telegraphers. In the background lay the possibility of a strike by all organized railwaymen in Canada. On June 15, the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific railways served notice on all employees other than the five groups mentioned, they too must accept a 20 per cent. reduction in basic rates. It was believed likely that any strike engineered by the five main groups would be joined by the others, including shodmen and trackmen.

The running trades were asked by the railway management to accept a 20 per cent. reduction from basic rates. The men already have told the railways they will agree to continue the 10 per cent. cut which has been in operation some months.

One of the arguments used by the men was that a 20 per cent. reduction would mean Canadian railwaymen would be working at rates 17½ per cent. lower than those prevailing in the United States.

Because of the different constitutions of the five unions represented at the conference, it was necessary to secure the authority to submit a strike-bid in various ways. Immediate steps were taken at the break-up of the conference to secure this authority and the delegates said there would be no difficulty.

The engineers were represented at the conference by R. H. Cobb, Toronto; the firemen by H. H. Lynch, Ottawa; the trainmen by Senator James Murdoch, Ottawa; conductors by Charles Montiel, Montreal, and the telegraphers by W. H. Phillips, Winnipeg. In addition, 22 general chairmen from the Atlantic to the Pacific were present.

The Canadian Pacific was represented by Grant Hall, vice-president, and George Hall, manager of the department of personnel. Representing the Canadian National were President S. J. Hunsford and Vice-President A. J. Hills.

Term Of Office Extended

London, Eng.—An announcement is made that Sir William Clark's term of office as high commissioner in Canada for the United Kingdom had been extended until September, 1934. Sir William was appointed to the post in 1928.

Fatally Injured

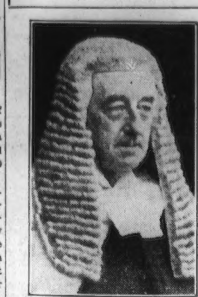
Rosser, Man.—Theodore Kifneyer, 36-year-old farmhand, was fatally injured when attacked by an infuriated bull on his employer's farm near here.

PUTTING THEIR HEADS TOGETHER



The camera caught Premier Ramsay MacDonald (left) and Cordell Hull, United States Secretary of State (right) in this unusual tête-à-tête pose during a dinner for the delegates at Grosvenor House recently. Apparently the statesmen are exchanging views "off the record." Premier MacDonald is Chairman of the World Economic Conference and Mr. Hull is the chief delegate from the United States.

SUCCEEDS MCGARDIE



Mr. Justice Atkinson, the new Judge of the King's Bench Division, who succeeds the late Mr. Justice McGardie, England's famous bachelor judge, who committed suicide recently.

Resigns From Cabinet

Hon. R. W. Bruhn Steps Out Of R.C. Government

Victoria, B.C.—Hon. R. W. Bruhn, Minister of Public Works, stepped out of the British Columbia Government, the fifth minister to resign from Premier S. F. Tolmie's cabinet since May 31. Three ministers, N. S. Lougheed, W. C. Shelly and William Atkinson, retired in connection with the cabinet reduction on that date, while W. A. McKenzie left in protest against the government's irrigation policy.

In a letter to the premier, Mr. Bruhn recalled his stand in favor of union government, more than a year ago, his gratification when Dr. Tolmie announced his intention of forming such an administration, but his present belief that "no real union has been formed, nor do I see any prospect of your being able to form one." He sent expressions of "highest personal esteem."

"The life of the legislature ends on August 31. No election date has been set. Some 85 candidates have been nominated under the various banners of Tolmie Unioat, Bowser Non-Partisan, Liberal, Canadian Co-Operative Commonwealth Federation and various other parties. Many others have declared their intention to run and the electors are promised long ballots with a wide range of political opinion from which to choose on election day.

On Rotary Directorate

Roston, Jov's J. Allen, mayor of Ottawa, was nominated by the Canadian-Newfoundland delegation to Rotary International as a candidate to fill one of the five vacancies on the Rotary directorate. The annual report of Chesley R. Perry, secretary, showed a membership of slightly more than 147,000 distributed among 3,600 clubs.

Canada's War Memorial

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada's national war memorial is being altered in accordance with suggestions of the Prime Minister. The memorial stood in Hyde Park, London, England, about a year but has been taken to the March Bazaar studio for change. When completed the memorial will be brought to Ottawa, although a site has yet to be definitely selected.

Alberta Grasshopper Menace

Province Said To Be Facing A Serious Situation

Edmonton, Alberta.—As the result of a very serious situation which has arisen in the southern areas of this province in the past two weeks, owing to the very hot, dry spell of weather, the provincial department of agriculture is facing the most severe grasshopper fight in the history of the province. Hon. George Headley, Minister of Agriculture, said recently.

The hopper situation is much more serious than that which developed in 1922 which held the previous records in such campaigns.

With plenty of poison bait materials on hand, the organization in charge of the campaign has the situation well in hand, in spite of the large area affected, and thus far the actual damage by the hoppers is comparatively small.

Army Of Workers

Ten Thousand Men Now Employed In Government Camps

Ottawa, Ont.—The number of single men now employed in government camps throughout Canada has reached 10,000, according to figures of the Department of Labor. These include those working under the direction of the Department of National Defence. The number is steadily increasing as the various projects develop. The work of the national defence includes improvements of various militia camps, highway construction and landing fields for aeroplanes.

RAPID RISE IN PRICE OF WHEAT SAVES SITUATION

London, Eng.—A combination of blunt words and what Prime Minister R. B. Bennett of Canada, called "an act of God"—a boom in the wheat market—saved the efforts to obtain an international agreement for wheat acreage restriction from a breakdown.

The wheat situation seemed to be taking care of itself nicely for the time being and it was agreed the conference, which teamed with wheat exporters—Canada, United States, Australia and Argentina—could well afford to wait for a brief space until the Australian situation is cleared up.

The blunt words were spoken early in the conference, which teamed with dramatic developments, after Stanley Bruce of Australia had told the other delegates the three principal Australian states were firmly opposed to restriction and this made Australian adherence hopeless.

Other delegates countered with words to the effect Australia must fall into line sooner or later, and the sooner the better. The nearly 500,000, 000 bushel surplus of Canada and United States was mentioned. It was intimated it has got to be disposed of somehow and if no agreement was reached there might be no other alternative than to put it on the market for what it will bring. The actual word "dump" was used by one of the Americans and it was said to have created a deep impression.

What Prime Minister Bennett called "an act of God, providence or may be Roosevelt," made its force felt when Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald, chairman of the world economic conference took a hand. Perturbed over the near breakdown, he called Premier Bennett, Henry Morgenthau, Sr., of the U.S., Mr. Bruce and Thomas A. Le Breton, of the Argentine, into conference.

In Canadian circles indeed the view is taken there is no call for undue anxiety. While the abnormal carryover remains one of the great problems for action, crop reports coupled with the extraordinary rise in wheat prices, have introduced new factors which should be borne in mind.

When he received information concerning the rise in the price of wheat on world markets, presumably because of adverse crop reports, Mr. MacDonald professed satisfaction with the progress of the negotiations.

"Experience has shown that a year's crop cannot be estimated accurately until July 7 to July 15," one of those who attended the MacDonald meeting said. "Then it may not be necessary to take such drastic steps as originally contemplated, and it is hardly likely that a move will be made in that direction until about that time."

Threat of chaos and price debacles which will follow if the Canadian and United States wheat surplus of 503, 000,000 bushels is "dumped" on the world market acted to save from breakdown the wheat acreage restrictions negotiations of the four principal wheat producing nations.

FRANCE MAY BE FORCED OFF THE GOLD STANDARD

Paris, France.—Financial experts said that the battle of the franc is lost and it is only a question of time until France will be obliged to devalue.

Telephone conversations between Premier Edouard Deladier and Finance Minister Georges Bonnet, who is at the London conference, are said to have revealed that hope has been abandoned of Great Britain's stabilizing with Europe.

Economic forces either will push France off gold or compel the cheapening of the franc, probably a fourth or a fifth, to meet U.S. dollar competition, financial experts said.

"It is wiser to act now," declared a source conversant with the views of the government, "but the public must be educated."

Nothing except the "miracle" of high dollar stabilization can save the franc, it was said, because diminution of foreign trade will henceforth be accelerated and tax receipts diminish and the budget deficit grows, compelling the government to inflate to get money as the treasury already is almost empty.

If parliament and the people were awake to the danger devaluation could be effected with less suffering, it was said, but the country is so thoroughly imbued with the idea of maintaining gold to make the franc safe that the government would be immediately overthrown if its value were changed now.

Gold Standard Debate

Rise In Commodity Prices Is More Encouraging Factor

London, Eng.—While the forces are gathering behind the scenes of the world economic conference for a renewed struggle over the gold standard, a new spirit is entering world trade.

Continued rise in commodity prices gives impetus to the belief the tide has turned at last. Dollar wheat at Chicago with reports of small crops, both in Canada and United States, eased the situation which a setback in negotiations to limit production had made increasingly difficult.

For some days increasing pressure has been brought to bear on the United Kingdom's delegation to limit dealing with the gold countries and stabilize without the American dollar, which the United States flatly refuses to stabilize at this time for fear of the effects on their internal price-inflation program.

The British have stoutly resisted this proposal on the double ground that it would be unwise to do so until the U.S. was ready to stabilize, and until they know what is going to happen to the up-geared American dollar.

Recently it was made known in high quarters that the British had absolutely refused to commit themselves to the new European gold bloc scheme. It was described in responsible British quarters as an effort to split Great Britain and the United States so they would be unable to deal independently of the gold countries on stabilization.

Great Britain therefore is sitting tight, keeping her hands free so she can deal directly with the United States on stabilization.

Mourn Treaty Of Versailles

Hitler Regime Responsible For Obsolescence Of Anniversary

Berlin, Germany.—All Germany went into mourning June 28 in protest against the treaty of Versailles, signed 14 years ago by representatives of the allied powers and Germany.

The new regime of Chancellor Adolf Hitler, who made closer to complete domination of the national scene with the dissolution of the Nationalist party and its affiliates, is responsible for the first observance of the anniversary.

Flags were flown at half mast from churches, public buildings and homes. The signing of the post-war treaty was the theme of school exercises. Thousands of demonstrations were planned. The Berlin Protestant cathedral announced a special prayer service on the theme "God liberate us."

All newspapers devoted editorials to the pact, which provided for changes in Germany's boundaries on the south, north and east; for the ceding of all Germany's overseas colonies to the principal allied powers; and for the limiting of Germany's military, naval and air forces among other matters.

Science Invades The Laundry

National Research Council Solves Laundry Problems

Science has invaded the laundry. No more holes in the guest room sheets, no more ragged towels, no more saw-edged collars, no washed-out colors. The national research council has harnessed science to the laundry.

The Eastern Canadian Laundry Men's Association are to hold a convention in Toronto and will be informed that by the application of science to their laundries they can cut \$100,000 a year from the nation's laundry bill.

Leaders in the industry some time ago told the national research council their troubles. Here a tablecloth came out of the laundry full of holes; there a bunch of colored towels came out with that washed-out complexion, stained shirt collars and cuffs refused to come clean except under drastic methods that would damage the fabric.

What could be done about it? The research council established a textile and laundry branch. In it was found, not a modern Mrs. Gamp or even a laundry manager, but a scientist, Dr. O. M. Morgan.

In a miniature drying cabinet small squares of linen were hung surrounded by instruments and gadgets.

In all manufacturing cities sulphur dioxide from the smoking factory chimneys pollutes the air. Absorbed by wet fabrics, this gas is converted into sulphuric acid, and the housewife wonders how on earth those holes came in her good linen tablecloths and sheets.

Dr. Morgan's lab is giving the sulphur dioxide treatment to his little fabric squares, and then he'll know just what does really happen.

The laundering of fabrics wears them out far more quickly than actual wear and tear, and the laundries of Canada have been cutting this loss to a minimum.

One laundry refuses to believe the evidence. It has been washing clothes for years and years and their many customers had seldom complained. They did not feel called on to change.

As a concession they agreed to make one improvement suggested by the laboratory. To their amazement their textile strength losses were cut in half. They not only put into effect all the other recommendations, but sent their own experts to Ottawa to learn more about laundries.

"Do they bring their practical problems to you?" Dr. Morgan, the young Ontario-born scientist who is doing these wonders, was asked.

"Yes," he replied, "a well-known club claimed that a laundry had damaged a large quantity of table linen. Our tests showed the damage due to faulty weaving, and the linen manufacturer made a handsome adjustment to the club and the laundry's reputation was cleared."

Doctor Has New Idea

Suggests Skin Irritants Or Foods May Cause Cures

An experiment to discover whether "sensitization" of the nervous system to dust, medical drugs, or even the wrong kinds of food play any part in producing psychopathic conditions that lead to crime is being made with 50 inmates of Sing Sing prison. Dr. V. C. Branham, deputy commissioner of correction, relies on skin tests to show whether the individual is affected by certain kinds of dust, pollen, drugs, or foods to the extent that he may become "unstable." In this state he is restless, and in some cases may commit impulsive acts, Dr. Branham has found.

King Must Give Approval

Variety artists who appear before the King and Queen are chosen at a secret meeting in London at which a provisional program for the command performance is drawn up. This is sent to the Lord Chamberlain, the Earl of Cromer, who in turn submits it to the King. Every item must have the approval of the King, and until this has been made known the names of the artists chosen are kept secret.

Decide Against Sweepstakes

The Newfoundland Government has decided against participating in sweepstakes for revenue-raising purposes. Several proposals submitted in the last few months have been rejected, according to a government announcement. The stand of the government is that promoters of sweepstakes must deal directly with the Lotteries Licensing Board.

Turkey has ordered \$5,500,000 worth of German railway material.

W. N. U. 20931

New Tuberculosis Treatment

Hot Baths and Electrical Treatment Show Good Results

Possibility of the treatment of tuberculosis by use of hot baths and high frequency waves was presented before the American Sanatorium Association convention in Toronto, when Dr. E. S. Mariette, of Minneapolis, member of the committee on treatment, described experiments he had conducted in this field.

A majority of a number of patients who had undergone the hot bath or high frequency treatments over a brief period had shown marked improvement, he said. Of seven who had taken hot baths over a month, six had shown X-ray improvements, in some cases marked, and on three who had been given high frequency treatments two had shown improvement. All of the patients had been in sanatoria for years without showing any improvement whatever.

"I am not advocating this as an accepted treatment," Dr. Mariette emphasized. "But I am offering it to you as an idea and I would like you to try it. Time alone will tell whether or not this is a step onward in therapy tuberculosis, or that we are all crazy."

His paper was received as a sensation by the association. His experiments, he explained, had been prompted by the noticeable relation between normal temperatures of animals, fowl and men, and their respective susceptibility to human and bovine tuberculosis.

Seven patients were subjected to hot baths which raised their temperatures to 104.5 for an hour each day for 10 days, he said. For the next two weeks they underwent the baths every other day. At the end of the period six showed improvement.

Automobile Accidents

Fewer Fatal Accidents In 1932, According To Statistics

There were 1,111 deaths from automobile accidents in Canada during 1932, as against 1,316 in 1931, says a report of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

The death rate from this cause was 10.6 per 100,000 population, as compared with 12.7 in the preceding year. Since the year 1926, the first for which the vital statistics of all provinces of Canada were compiled on the same basis, 1932 was the first year to show any significant reduction in the number of deaths from automobile accidents. The years 1927, 1928 and 1929 each showed a marked increase over the preceding year, while the level reached in 1929 was approximately maintained in 1930 and 1931.

Reforestation Policy

Proposals For Plan Covering Long Period Of Years Advocated For Saskatchewan

A policy of reforestation and utilization of certain forest products is advocated for Saskatchewan by Hon. J. F. Bryant, K.C., Minister of Public Works of the province. Definite proposals for reforestation covering a period of from 60 to 75 years are outlined by the Minister, who also stresses the feasibility of establishing a large creosoting plant at Prince Albert for the treatment of jack pine and lodge pole pine. Mr. Bryant suggests the adoption of a policy modeled after the English forestry plan, which would extend over a period of years, and that trees be planted in all areas suitable for their growth.

Prefer English Films

The Canadian public prefer English musical comedies to Hollywood sex and gangster films, says F. S. Revel, Canadian representative of the British International Pictures, who declares further that improved photography, the English accent, and wider acquaintance with British stars is creating a Canadian preference for English films.

World's Largest Libraries

The seven largest libraries in the world, according to numbers of volumes are: The Public Library of Leningrad; Library of Congress, Washington; Bibliothque Nationale, Paris; New York Public Library; British Museum; Berlin, and the Bodleian Library, Oxford.

Not Recognized

Refusing to acknowledge John Cabot, ancient explorer, as discoverer of North America or even this part of the continent, the city of Montreal has rejected the proposed inscription on a monument to the mariner the Italian colony of the city will present to Montreal.

Soviet shipments of gasoline from Black Sea ports in the first three months of this year totaled 3,385,000 barrels.

MEET "PETER" and "PUNCH" THE HORSE HEROES



Here we see "Peter" and "Punch," the two famous R.A.S.C. grey horses, as they appeared at Olympia, London, recently. These two horses took part in the retreat from Mons and were awarded the three medals of the Great War. Now, too old to work, they are semi-retired members of the Royal Army Service Corps at Aldershot, and are kept by officers and men out of their own pockets.

Spirit Of British People

Britain Farther Along The Road To Normalcy Than Any Other Country

Of all the nations that participated in the Great War, none had a greater load to carry both during and after the conflict than Great Britain. Then came the economic collapse to further test the frame-work and make onerous demands on people and Government. Today it seems to be the consensus of opinion that, despite the burden of debt which weighs her down Britain is farther back along the road to normalcy than is any other country. Admittedly, she is fundamentally the strongest. Economists will not find the explanation of this in columns of figures and charts and graphs. The reason lies in the spirit of the British people.—Hamilton Spectator.

Careful Use Essential

Substance Used In Explosives and Dyes Makes Fat People Thin

Thin. Dinitrophenol, a substance used in making explosives and dyes, also will make fat persons thin. Dr. M. L. Painter, medical professor from Stanford University, told the Pacific Division of the American Association for the Advancement of Science here.

But he warned women not to storm the drug stores, for improperly administered dinitrophenol in a short time will kill them with a fever of 110 to 115 degrees. In proper doses, though, he said, it melts fat as fast as it forms.

Lucky Parachute Jumper

James Morning, professional parachute jumper, of Islip, New York State, narrowly escaped death, three times in one week. In two jumps—only an hour apart, he was rescued from the waters of Great South Bay by a police boat, and suffered possible injuries when his chute collapsed a hundred feet above the ground. The third time he landed on high tension wires, and was saved by firemen.

A man wrapped up in himself makes a very small package.

The Foreign Born

Making a Great Contribution To Artistic Development Of The West

While there is sometimes a tendency to criticize the central Europeans in Canada, there can be no doubt that they are making a great contribution to the artistic development of the west, declared Prof. A. Collingwood, of the University of Saskatchewan, before sailing for England on the liner Calgaric.

Professor Collingwood was invited to occupy the newly created chair of music at the University of Saskatchewan a few years ago after he had acted as adjudicator at musical festivals in western Canada.

"Today, I am an ultra Canadian," he continued. "I am intensely proud of the wonderful development in music in western Canada. We have fully equipped orchestras in Saskatoon, Regina, Calgary, Edmonton and, of course, in Vancouver. The general standard of music in the west is comparable with that produced anywhere in the world."

Life On Board Old Ship

Eighty Men From Crew Of Old Frigate, Recently Restored

No stranger crew sails the Seven Seas today than that of the U.S.S. Constitution. Eighty men went aboard the restored frigate in June, 1931, to undertake an existence strange to them. Everything about "Old Ironsides" is the same today as in 1812, including the routine of the crew. The work is all done by hand; even the decks are scrubbed with water pumped from the sea. The only heat is in the galley. Yet the crew, after nearly two years, is reported almost intact. Quite a record, in view of the pleasant duty to be had on the up-to-date man-of-war.—Boston Post.

The fresh-water eels of British rivers are born in the depths of the Atlantic off Bermuda. After the eggs are hatched it takes the young eels three years to cross the Atlantic to Britain.

Advertise it, or you may have to keep it.

Modern Science In Cooking

Trained Workers Preparing Standardized Recipes For Best Results

One of the big contributions the scientists in home economics laboratories have been making to the home-maker is in the standardization of recipes.

Believing that a great deal of the uncertainty in cooking was due to uncertain measurements, trained people have been working with this problem. Now the accepted standard is that a cup means exactly two-fifths of a pint (eight ounces). There are 16 tablespoons in a cup and three teaspoons in a tablespoon.

Trained workers have also been deciding exactly how much of each ingredient should go into a recipe to give not only a passable result but a first-class one.

The most recent efforts have been directed toward the combining of ingredients. It is hard to know when to beat and when to stir and how long, and precisely how to perform a large number of cookery tasks. Modern science is standardizing these important procedures.

Some Weather Indicators

Several Ways To Determine Whether Rain Is Coming

Look at your bedroom window and, if there is no mistiness on the glass in the early morning, the rain is extremely unlikely. On the other hand, when the windows are moist with damp, the weather is not likely to be so fine.

Then examine the cake of soap, for this will give a useful indication. When the cake is dry expect a fair day, but if the soap is soft and wet, rain is sure to come.

When you come down to breakfast on a rainy day, when you find a lump of sugar in your tea or coffee. If the air bubbles stay long on the surface, distrust the weather, for this means that there is a good deal of moisture in the air and that, as well, the atmospheric pressure is low, a condition associated with unsettled weather. On the other hand, if the bubbles burst soon, you can tell that the air is very dry and that there is a high pressure system in existence, both of which indicate fine weather.

More Than A Coincidence

Birth Of Twins Occur In Three Generations Of Ontario Family

Once in a family might be just an occurrence; twice might be a coincidence, but when for a third time the same family produces twins, after having seven single children, become parents of twins, it would seem the story and heredity are inexplicably tied together.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Weber, Jr., of Waterloo, Ont., recently became the parents of twin sons. These came after seven children had been born to the parents.

Years ago Mr. and Mrs. Amos Weber, Sr., had seven children and were then presented with twins, one of them being Amos Junior.

And on top of this Mrs. Weber, Jr.'s parents, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Martin, of Elmira, had seven children and then had twins.

It must be a record.

Decide For Yourself

A surgeon, an architect, and a politician disputed which belonged to the oldest profession.

The surgeon claimed the distinction because Eve was made from Adam's rib. That, he contended, was surgery.

"But," said the architect, "before the advent of Adam order was made out of chaos. That was architecture."

"Admitted," said the politician, "but who created the chaos?"

Mysterious Expedition

Capt. Bob Bartlett, explorer, has a secret rendezvous with adventure in the land where the north wind comes from. Leaving for the Arctic in his famous schooner "Edna M. Morrissey," he refused to say exactly where his party is going. "We hope to penetrate an area about which virtually nothing is known," he said mysteriously.

Tiger Preferred

The big game hunter was telling his stay-at-home wife all about his encounter with the Bengal tiger and how he had finally shot it. "Yes," he wound up. "It was a case of the tiger or me."

"I'm so glad it was the tiger, dear," she said sweetly, "otherwise we wouldn't have this lovely rug."

Norway's whalers produced 1,280,000 barrels of whale oil in the season just closed.

Seaside girls of England are wearing Japanese coolie hats. This season.

Lord Strathcona's Home

Is Now Haven For Aged Ladies In Reduced Circumstances

On the door of one of the most stately mansions in Montreal there is a simple brass plate which bears the inscription, "My Mother's Home." It is a tribute to a Canadian mother, who has long since passed away, by a son who has attained riches and power from the humblest beginnings. There are few more picturesque figures in Canadian history than the man who had this house built. Donald Alexander Smith, who came to this country as a junior clerk in the Hudson Bay Company from Fort, in Scotland, and rose to become governor and chief commissioner of that rich and powerful organization with suzerain powers over a vast territory than many kings have enjoyed. Later he wielded a strong influence in the Canadian Parliament and captured a great career as High Commissioner in London for Canada. Honors were showered upon him by universities both in Canada and in Britain, and institutions with which he was associated conferred upon him the highest positions in their gift. Queen Victoria elevated him to the peerage as Baron Strathcona and Mount

Royal of Glencoe in the County of Argyle and Antrim. The present King and Queen Mary were small children when the roll of the British peerage, as well as being a record of the names of the hundreds of men of eminence in all activities of life who came to Canada. The present King and Queen Mary were small children when the roll of the British peerage, as well as being a record of the names of the hundreds of men of eminence in all activities of life who came to Canada. The present King and Queen Mary were small children when the roll of the British peerage, as well as being a record of the names of the hundreds of men of eminence in all activities of life who came to Canada.

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Praise For Canadians

Earl Of Bessborough Has High Opinion Of People's Courage

"I have only seen Canada in a time of depression," His Excellency the Earl of Bessborough told Canadian audiences at the closing exercises of the Boy's Farm and Training School at Shawbridge, Que. "Having seen the Dominion during this period," the Governor-General continued, "I think I have been able to appreciate Canadian far more than I would have been able to do in a time of general prosperity. There is nothing more encouraging, hopeful, or cheering than the calm, steady way Canadians have pursued their daily tasks during this difficult period when a superstitious faith in the destiny of their country."

Should Have Objected

Mr. Richards was persuaded to buy a parrot that could jabber in several languages. He ordered it sent home.

The same day his wife ordered a chicken for dinner. On leaving she said to the cook, "Mary, there's a bird coming for dinner. Have it cooked for Mr. Richards when he gets home."

The parrot arrived first, and Mary followed instructions. Dinner was served.

"What's this?" exclaimed Mr. Richards.

Mary told him.

"But, for goodness sake, Mary," he said, "this is awful! That bird could speak in three languages!"

"Then why the dickens didn't he say something?" asked Mary.

Had Nothing On Him

A woman hired a taxicab. The door of the cab was hardly closed before the engine started with a jerk, and the cab began to race madly along, narrowly missing lamp posts, telegraph poles, etc. Becoming frightened, the woman remonstrated with the chauffeur:

"Please be careful. This is the first time I ever rode in a taxi."

"That's all right, madam. This is the first time I ever drove one."

FANCIFUL FABLES



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Dr. S. H. McClelland
Veterinary Surgeon
Honor Graduate Ontario Veterinary College
Office-McClelland's Rexall Drug Store, Phone 3 Crossfield

Council Meetings
The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Fire Hall on the first Monday of each month at the hour of 8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council,
T. Tredaway, Sec.-Treas.

DENTIST
Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,
218A, 5th Ave. W., opposite Palace Theatre, Calgary.

Canadian Legion B. E. S. L.
Crossfield Branch
Meets on the last Saturday of each month in the Fire Hall at 8 p.m.
Visiting Comrades Welcome.
D. J. HALL R. D. SUTHERLAND
President Secretary

Cod Liver Oil
For Your Chickens
Half gallon - 90c
1 gallon - 1.50

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For Chicken Lice and Plant Lice
5 oz. bottle - 1.00
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McClelland's Drug Store
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J. B. HAGSTROM
Boot and Shoe Repairer
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Classified Advertisements

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Registered Tamworth Boar. Will trade for weanlings or young pigs.
J. Wyllie, Crossfield

FOR SALE—Leather Divanette, convertible into comfortable bed, complete with mattress, like new\$15.00
Would like to exchange porch couch without mattress for single bed and springs—no mattress required.
Mrs. Sam Collins

NOTICE—If you are interested in trading your farm land for B. C. city revenue producing property, farm land, or in interest bearing agreement for sale, get in touch with A. W. Gordon.

FOR SALE—Six Registered 2-year-old Hereford Bulls. Priced reasonably.
Frank Colclough

CARSTAIRS HALL
Monday and Tuesday
Double Feature
"Crooked Circle"
and
Ken Maynard
IN
"The Texas Gun Fighter"

ISAW
Happy worrying about getting home. Heavy watching the flat tires. Milt umpiring a baseball game at Carstairs to their satisfaction. Miles taking a look at the shirt-tail parade. One of our fair readers looking for the new word "mountyitus" in the dictionary. Fred being introduced as the Rev. Jones from the last place on earth—Oids.

Angus Robertson won the steer roping at their Cheatermere Lake Stampede on Wednesday.

The Crossfield Chronicle
ESTABLISHED 1907
Published at Crossfield, Alberta
W. H. Miller, Manager and Editor
Subscription \$1.50 Per Year
U.S.A. Office \$2.00
Local advertising
Monthly Contract 25c. per inch.

THURSDAY, JULY 6th, 1933.

Local News

Mrs. R. M. McCool is visiting friends in Calgary this week.

Miss Isabel Leask who has been attending high school at Calgary, returned home on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Murdoch of Calgary were visitors here over the holiday.

Miss Edna Russell of Red Deer was the guest of Mrs. J. R. Gilchrist over the holiday.

Mrs. Chas. Fox and son Gordon, left on Monday on a holiday trip to Victoria, B. C.

Mrs. J. Gonsolly of Carlsland, was a visitor in town over the weekend.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hunter of Chinook spent the holiday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. H. McFadyen.

Miss Ida Calhoun and Stan. Fawcay of Calgary, spent the holiday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. Calhoun.

Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Cox of Edmonton, spent the holiday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Methers.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and Mrs. J. Collins and their children left on Monday for Sylvan Lake where they have taken a cottage for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Laut and Miss Wilda Laut left on Monday for Sylvan Lake, where they will spend the next two weeks.

The regular monthly meeting of Floral Local U. F. W. A. will be held at the home of Mrs. Ian Laut on July 12th at 2.30 o'clock. Roll call—Current Events.

Ray Dunn of Calgary spent the week-end at the home of Mrs. Whillans.

Mrs. P. C. Griffiths and daughter Dorothy, the Misses Ruth and Olive Stauffer, and Miss Alma Gordon left on Tuesday to attend the Baptist Church Convention at Drumheller.

Manuel Hehr has left for Saskatchewan and is not expected to return alone.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Bills, accompanied by three of their grandchildren, and Mr. Bills, sister, Mrs. Baird of Detroit, arrived here from Van Nuys California, on Thursday last and will spend the summer in the district. Mr. Bills met with a slight accident near Cochrane, when he failed to make a square corner and in trying to keep the car on the grade broke a wheel off his heavy-laden trailer.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Gilchrist, Mrs. F. T. Baker and Miss Helen Fleming left on Tuesday to attend the Bible Institute Convention at Three Hills.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Mabley and Percy Scott of Delacour came over to attend the Sports on Saturday.

In the recent music examinations held in Calgary, Violet Currie passed with honors in the Transitional Grade, and Alice Amery passed with distinction in the Intermediate. Both are pupils of Miss Watson of Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Urquhart are visiting at Pine Lake, the guests of "Teddy" and Mrs. Urquhart.

Mrs. J. A. Emery, Miss Alice Callicott and Miss Edith Seville left on Monday to attend Summer School at Edmonton.

Mrs. R. J. Hendry returned on Tuesday after spending the past month in Ontario.

Mr. and Mrs. Dick Ontkes of Drumheller were visitors in town on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. McKay and son of Vancouver, were renewing acquaintances in town on Tuesday. Mr. McKay was formerly postmaster here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Winning and son Martin left on Monday for Hanna. (i. Y. McLean who succeeds Mr. Winning is expected to arrive here from Hanna today (Thursday).

The Tennis League Tournament
Crossfield came home Wednesday evening bringing with them the Rosebud District Challenge Cup. The first match being held at Carstairs on Wednesday. The competing towns were; Oids, Didsbury, Carstairs and Crossfield. In the first round Oids defeated Didsbury. Crossfield defeated Carstairs. In the final Crossfield defeated Oids.

Church of the Ascension
(Anglican)
Sunday, July 9th.
Evensong by Mr. E. Brown of Calgary at 7.30 p.m.

LEGION PICNIC
WED. JULY 19th.
The Crossfield Legion will hold their annual picnic in the park on Wednesday, July 19th, starting at 1.30 p.m.

School Fair Fund
The pig donated by Wm. Russell for the above fund was put up in a weight guessing competition on Sports Day, July 1st. The correct weight as certified by N. A. Johnson was 73 lbs. 12 oz. and the animal was won by Max Grant, who made the first guess of 74 lbs. The amount realized was \$5.60 which is a nice addition to the fund.

Messrs. J. and R. Havens of Madden, also kindly donated one dollar each to the Building Fund. Secretary May states that he received one or two promises and the donation list is in the office of Magistrate Gordon who will be glad to receive donations large or small.

Abernethy Notes
The annual school picnic was held on Friday afternoon at Robertson's Ranch. The weather was ideal, and a good crowd was in attendance.

Much amusement was caused by the pie-eating contest, in which Percy Clayton excelled. Percy's piece of pie was almost as big as himself. Roars of laughter greeted the old clothes race, when the Abernethy matrons helped several pompous gentlemen into the funniest and most antiquated ladies costumes imaginable. Then the make-up was skilfully (?) applied, and away dashed the men folk, bent on collecting the money. Poor Jack Herron almost lost his skirt coming down the home stretch.

After the races were over, the girls played the married men a game of softball in which the gents were victorious. We have been hearing rumors of big league contracts ever since.

Following the good old fashioned picnic supper, a dance was held in the school house, when young and old enjoyed the usual good time for which Abernethy has always been famous. All agreed that the day had been highly successful.

Miss Bessie Hargreaves, accompanied by Miss Jean Simpson left on Saturday to spend the summer at Sylvan Lake.

Mrs. Robertson and the Misses Margaret and Anne spent the week-end at Cochrane.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Morrison attended the Millerville races on Saturday. Tom was successful in winning several purses with his ponies.

LOCAL ATHLETES DO WELL AT DRUMHELLER

Miss Margaret Fitzpatrick the local flash, running under the colors of the Calgary Altomah Club, at the Provincial Track and Field Meet at Drumheller on July 1st, had a regular field day. Miss Fitzpatrick equaled the provincial record in winning the 100 metres; was a member of the winning relay team; second in throwing the softball; third in the broad jump. Margaret also won the first heat of the 60 metres, and when final was run she was up-town having her lunch. It was purely a frame-up, and cost the local girl the grand aggregate cup; however she had the satisfaction of defeating the 60 metre winner quite handily in the 100 metres.

Miss Veve Green, also a member of the Altomah Club, broke the provincial record in the high jump before she was defeated, finishing third.

Veve never jumped better, and she will be heard from before the summer is over.

Malcolm Leask, the 9-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Leask Madden, had the misfortune to break his right arm on Sunday afternoon. The youngster was on horseback at the time, and riding into the yard threw a lariat at a fence post. Unlucky for him he caught the post, and as the rope tightened, his arm was forced back, breaking it. Dr. Williams set the arm, and later under x-ray in Calgary, it was found he had made a perfect set.

Miss Alice Ontkes of Drumheller is the guest of Miss Helen Willis.

COMMUNICATIONS
Editor Crossfield Chronicle:
I am surprised to learn that Mr. Tweedie has not been re-engaged as principal of the Village school. Have his services for the past two years not been satisfactory?

He has had two splendid inspectors reports which testify as to his merit. Last year was his first experience in teaching Grade XI, He has worked hard with the pupils and hasn't left a stone unturned as the results of the examination will probably show. The coming year would be his first experience in teaching Grade XII had he been re-engaged, and no doubt his efforts would be the same with the pupils as in the two past years. To reject his application for no apparent cause, is not right, and has a tendency to discourage him.

In regard to rumors that a married man would fill this position better, would like to say there should be two essentials only terminating this question, viz: Qualification and character. If a man has these two essentials, it should not matter whether he is married or not.

Interested.

Editor Crossfield Chronicle

The present controversy as to the financial ability of the Crossfield S. D. to maintain Grade XII bring to mind a scheme I have been thinking of for a long time.

Would it not be feasible for all Schools adjacent to Crossfield, who have to send pupils in for High School, to contribute a set sum each year instead of, as now, paying for such pupils as are in attendance. All it would mean that each Rural S. D. would be paying say \$50.00 instead of some year's nothing and some years several times that amount.

By this method Crossfield S. D. would know what their income from this source was going to be and might feel justified in hiring a better teacher than is now possible. This seems to be a case where "each for all and all for each," would be a good slogan.

I would suggest that your trustees invite all rural trustees to a meeting to discuss this matter.

A Rural Trustee.

* On Wednesday evening the 7-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ted Bartholomew was bitten on the face by their dog and was taken to Calgary General Hospital by Dr. Whillans.

Ray Gilchrist left on Tuesday for Vancouver where he will visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alec Jessiman.

More About The Celebration
(Continued from Page 1)

The usual line of races and other events for children were pulled off as usual, but we have not the space at our disposal to publish the winners of these events.

A very pleasing event during the afternoon was the exhibition of dancing given by Kate Leask and Eugene Havens, to the accompaniment of the pipes by Duncan Cameron. These young lasses sure known their steps.

Pipers Wm. Russell and Duncan Cameron also helped out the occasion by playing the pipes at intervals during the afternoon.

The dance at night was attended by a capacity crowd and was a fitting climax to a most successful day. Music by the Melody Boys certainly made a hit with the crowd.

At an interval during the dance, R. M. McCool, M.L.A., on behalf of the citizens of the town, presented Mr. Winning, with a kodak. "Jim" responded in a few fitting words and emphasized how sorry he was in leaving Crossfield. After three cheers and a tiger, the dance went on until 12 o'clock.

Parade Winners
The awards were as follows:
Best decorated bicycles—1st. Virgil Major, representing Halliday & Laun's Store. 2nd. Jackie Williams, representing J. M. Williams, farm implements and blacksmithing. 3rd. Tony Butterman, representing the U.F.A. Store.

Pets—1st. Tony Butterman with his pet owl. 2nd. Lloyd Johnson, pet rabbits. 3rd. Letha Methers, pet pony.

SPECIAL DANCE FRIDAY NIGHT
A Special Dance will be held in the East Community Hall on Friday, July 7th. Calgary Collegians Orchestra and the Warbling Cowboy. Round-up Camp Supper free. General admission: Gent's 50c. There will be five Jitney Dances at 5 cents each. Special Stampede prizes for the jitney dances. Don't miss it.

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Will pay cash for 1000 Second-hand Tires in sizes 30x3 1-2, 440-21, 450-21

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You can eat more for less at the Home Cafe.

Sir James Crichton-Browne, pre-eminent in the British Medical World, Declares:--

"Beer---our national beverage---is the most truly nourishing of alcoholic drinks, and its use in moderation is well calculated to decrease susceptibility to fatigue and the headaches and despondency of those who are over-wrought and worried. Beer is not only a ready assimilable food, but it promotes the assimilation of other foods."

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